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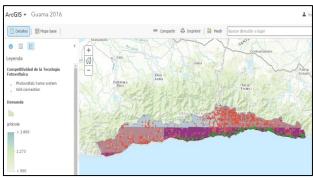




Introduction

- Background
 - CIEMAT has a long history of cooperation and research on issues related to rural electrification in Cuba.
 - GIS in Guamá region
 - Cooperation agreement with CUBASOLAR.
 - The project as an opportunity to put these concerns and synergies into practice.
- Layout of the presentation
 - The HYBRIDUS Project
 - The HIBRI2 Project
 - Design of the system
 - Conclusions





The HYBRIDUS Project

Cogeneration of electrical and thermal energy by means of a hybrid biomasssolar system for agricultural and livestock farms on the Island of Cuba

- Commitment for the development of hybrid systems focused on universal access to energy
- 2015-2017
- Background:
 - HIBRILEC Project (CYTED)
 - Bioeléctrica La Veguera (EU)
- Two strategies:
 - Adapting the proposed technology (the biomass gasification and PV hybrid system) to local conditions
 - La Veguera case study
 - Creation of local capacity
 - 4 workshops (3 in Cuba, 1 in Spain)







Project web page: http://projects.ciemat.es/web/hybridus/inicio (in Spanish)







5th International Hybrid Power Systems Workshop 18 – 19 May 2021

HYBRIDUS: Adapting technology to local conditions

Case study: La Veguera

- Isolated 35 HH community in Camagüey province
- Existing gasifier
 - Biomass resource: marabú
 - 50 kWe
 - Downdraft, ANKUR made
- Hybrid system design



















The HIBRI2 Project

Integrated control system for energy supply through hybrid systems in isolated communities in Cuba. Phase II

- 2019 2021
- Implementation of a microgrid
- Local capacity building (design, O&M of the microgrid)
 - Three months training stay of two Cuban technicians in Spain
 - 1st Workshop (February 2020, Playa Girón):
 - 20 UNE (National Utility) technicians
 - Technological status of renewable sources.
 - Hybridisation of systems for rural electrification.
 - Individual design cases
 - 2nd Workshop (to be programmed):
 - Design and implementation of hybrid systems
 - Sustainability and replicability of hybrid systems for rural electrification
- Ensuring the replicability and sustainability of the system in its social, economic, environmental and geographical aspects.





Project web page: http://hibri2.ciemat.es/





HIBRI2: Implementation of the microgrid Case study: Guasasa

- Implementation of a microgrid:
 - Originally: La Veguera
 - Second proposal: Guasasa
 - Different configurations
 - Final option: capacity building microgrid
- Isolated village in Matanzas province
 - 214 inhabitants in 85 HH
 - Other collective buildings
- Existing 100 kVA diesel genset
 - 12 hours supply
 - Low voltage feeder distribution









Design of the system

- Made both for La Veguera and Guasasa sites
- Some technical considerations only (24/7 supply objective)
- Stages:
 - Data collection
 - Characterization of the site:
 - loads,
 - available resources, i.e., biomass, solar and wind
 - Characterization of the components:
 - biomass gasifier, generator set,
 - PV generator, wind turbine,
 - batteries and electronic converter
 - Economic parameters
 - Sizing study and
 - Implementation project

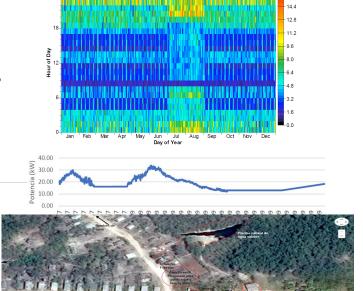




Data collection

Characterization of the loads

- La Veguera: no pre-existing grid
 - No data available
 - Based on demographical and similar sites information
 - 108 kWh/day
- Guasasa: existing grid
 - Field visits
 - Measurement campaigns
 - 437 kWh/day

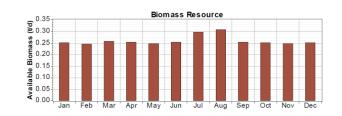




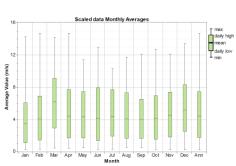
Data collection

Characterization of resources

- Hourly data series (solar and wind)
- Biomass resource (No restrictions)
 - La Veguera: Marabú
 - Guasasa: local vegetation
 - 5 USD/Ton
- Solar resource
 - Solar maps and databases
- Wind resource
 - Wind maps and databases











Data collection Characterization of components

Economic parameters

- Particular country situation
- Common for both case studies
- Parameters:

 - inflation rate: 2.8%;
 - discount rate: 10%;

 - project life time: 15 years
- power converter

Wind Turbine Nominal power (kW) Nominal capacity (kWh) **Battery** storage

Component

Gasifier

Genset

Solar PV

generator



Cost (€/kWp) Cost (€/kW) Technology

1750 3 3500 100 Lead-acid 200 20 bidirectional bidirectional

300

La Veguera

Ankur

50, existing

3500

(Ankur)

Syngas

40

6

300

Guasasa

Ankur

10, new

3500

DENYO

Diesel

80





Parameters

Manufacturer

Cost (€/kW)

Fuel

Manufacturer

Nominal power (kW)

Nominal power (kWe)

Nominal power (kWp)

Sizing Study

• Software:

La Veguera: HOMERLegacy

Guasasa: HOMER Pro

• Scenarios definition:

- Base case: existing installation (for 24/7)
- Design case: Optimal configuration (within design restrictions)

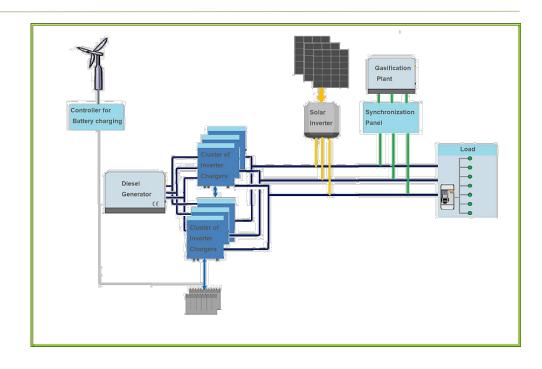
Results for Guasasa

Parameter	Base case	Proposed design
Generation share	Genset 100%	Genset: 39,7% Gasifier: 10,4% Solar PV: 47,5% Wind Turbine: 2,3%
Renewable Fraction	0%	53,2 %
Excess electricity	0 %	12,3 %
Fuel consumption	63.540 l/año	20.693 l/año
Capital investment	0\$	140.750 \$
LCOE (\$/kWh)	0,991	0,536
Payback period (years)	-	2.5



Implementation Project

- HYBRIDUS:
 - didn't reach this stage
- HIBRI2:
 - Guasasa: only partly
 - Final solution:
 - Different scope
 - Ongoing



Implementation Project

Final solution

• Proposed design:

- Gasifier: 10kW

Solar PV: 22 kW

Wind Turbine: 5kW

Battery: 49 kWh

Grid forming Converter: 30kW

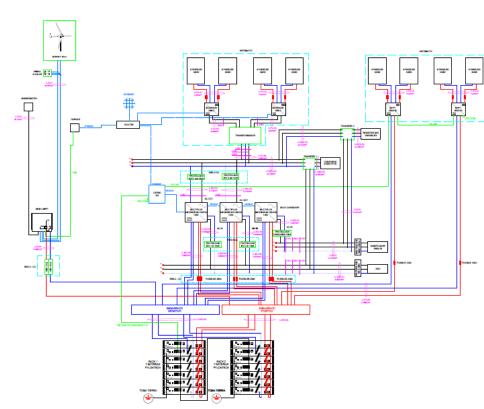
• Cost*:

Estimated: 93000 €

Overall deviation: +6%

More significant by components

^{*} WT cost not included as it is a Bornay's in-kind contribution to the Project





Conclusions

- Steady collaboration in rural electrification in Cuba
- Two phase project collaboration in hybrid systems
- Local capacity building
- Demonstration Project
 - Different sites
 - Different obstacles, derived from lack of confidence
 - Eventually, training installation to overcome lack of confidence
- Methodology for the design of the system
- At the acquisition of materials stage
- The Future: open opportunities





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