

Haid-und-Neu-Str. 7 Karlsruhe 76131, Germany +49 721 - 451 956 10 www.easysg.de

Real-time, decentralized automation Smart Grid for Islands and isolated grids Author: Javier Gebauer, javier.gebauer@easysg.de

The Challenge

The Approach

The variable sun and wind energy depend on weather, causing a mismatch between generation and consumption.



As volatile generation grows, integration becomes difficult. To avoid its curtailing (switching it off), two alternatives exist: Energy storage

Demand side management DSM/Load shifting (economical solution)

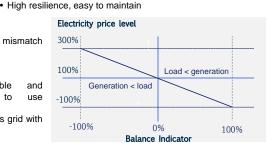
Balance indicator shows mismatch between generation and load

Use customers flexibility

2

- Dynamic enable prices and incentivize customers to use electricity efficiently.
- · Customer flexibility supports grid with "virtual batteries".

Automatic merit order



The basis of our solution is an innovative technology to keep grid balance under control by creating a market environment

· Energy infrastructure provides communication platform (no

need for dedicated communication infrastructure)

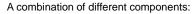
based on grid state variables.

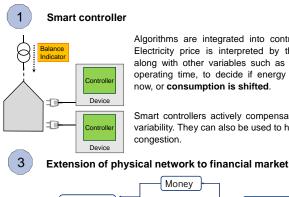
System reacts immediately (real-time)

Our Solution

The Potential

batteries".





Algorithms are integrated into control hardware. Electricity price is interpreted by the algorithm, along with other variables such as the minimum operating time, to decide if energy is best used now, or consumption is shifted.

Smart controllers actively compensate generation variability. They can also be used to help avoid grid



- Manage energy system with a real time market. Real time means gate
- closure times and trading slices in the seconds range. Simplification by integration of several market segments into one (control
- power, intra day, day ahead) to abolish market entry barriers. Cost Reduction for smartness/trading from 10-500 kW electric to 100 Watts, (even fridges can economically be integrated).

Flexibility is available broadly with great potential for savings as "virtual

Pumping (water desalination, processing, supply) in combination with reservoirs and tanks

Cooling (buildings, food, ice making for fishery)

· Heating (building, industry), both with heat pumps

All devices shown participate in the market governed by the balance indicator. Each of them tries to operate in the range most profitable for its owner, by adapting its price preferences to achieve the service at lowest cost (or highest income). Fair pricing is thus ensured, and a "merit order" that integrates cheapest flexibility first.

Electric car

The Environment

Favorable framework conditions.

- 15 Mill. Citizens on 2,700 European islands,
- 740 Mill. Citizens on 85,000 islands w/w

High subsidies needed for fossil energy on islands Spain 13 Bill €/a France 1,7 Bill €/a Greece 1,3 Bill €/a

- · Support packages (EU: H2020, cleaner & cheaper energy for islands)
 - · Successful island solutions can help transform large grids (mini/cellular grids)
- and CHP in combination with thermal storage Electric cars (just charging, or even V2G)
- · Household goods (washing, cooling, freezing)

Charge Discharge attery batter Relevant area for the electricity price Heating Electricity price level rod 300 % C 200 % 100 % 0 - 100 % Electricity surplus Electricity shortage - 100 % - 50 % 0 50 % 100 % Balance Indicator DSM - household appliance